

Tel: (519) 489-7195, (800) 836-8089 Fax: (519) 231-0140, (877) 221-3515

Email: info@biomatik.com https://www.biomatik.com

User Manual

Catalog Number: EKC34970

Product Name: Human Peroxisome Proliferator-activated receptor

γ,PPAR-γ ELISA Kit

Detection Range:78 pg/mL-5000 pg/mL

Intended Use: For quantitative determination of Human peroxisome proliferator-

activated receptor gamma (PPAR-y) concentrations in serum, plasma.

Precautions: For research use only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

Manual Version: 202301V1

Storage:

Unopened kit	6 months when stored at 2 - 8°C.
Opened Kit	May be stored up to 1 month at 2 - 8°C. Keep it in sealed aluminum foil bag and avoid moisture.

The product manual may be updated as a result of continuous improvements.

Always refer to the hard copy manual included in the kit for your experiment.



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Kit Components

Reagents	Quantity		
Assay plate (12 x 8 coated Microwells)	1(96 wells)		
Standard (Freeze dried)	2		
Biotin-antibody (100 x concentrate)	1 x 120 µl		
HRP -avidin (100 x concentrate)	1 x 120 µl		
Biotin-antibody Diluent	1 x 15 ml		
HRP-avidin Diluent	1 x 15 ml		
Sample Diluent	1 x 50 ml		
Wash Buffer (25 x concentrate)	1 x 20 ml		
TMB Substrate	1 x 10 ml		
Stop Solution	1 x 10 ml		
Adhesive Strip (For 96 wells)	4		
Instruction manual	1		

Working Principle

This assay adopts quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique. Antibody specific to PPAR- γ has been pre-coated onto a microplate. Standards and samples are pipetted into the wells and then PPAR- γ is bound by the immobilized antibody. After removing unbound substances, a biotin-conjugated antibody specific to PPAR- γ is added to the wells. After washing, avidin conjugated Horseradish Peroxidase (HRP) is added to the wells. Following a wash to remove unbound avidinenzyme reagent, then a substrate solution is added to the wells and later color develops in proportion to the amount of PPAR- γ bound in the initial step. At last, measure the intensity of color after stopping color development.

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Sensitivity

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The minimum detectable dose of mouse PPAR-y is less than 19.5 pg/mL.

The sensitivity of this assay, or Lower Limit of Detection (LLD) was

defined as the lowest protein concentration that could be differentiated

from zero. It was determined by the mean O.D value of 20 replicates of

the zero standard added by their three standard deviations.

Specificity

This assay has high sensitivity and excellent specificity. No significant

cross-reactivity or interference between Human PPAR-v and analogues

was observed. Limited by current skills and knowledge, it is impossible

for us to complete the cross-reactivity detection between Human PPAR-γ

and all the analogues, therefore, cross reaction may still exist.

Precision

Intra-assay Precision (Precision within an assay): CV%<8%

Three samples of known concentration were tested twenty times on one

plate to assess.

Inter-assay Precision (Precision between assays): CV%<10%

Three samples of known concentration were tested in twenty assays to

assess.

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Other Supplies Required

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Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm,

with the correction wavelength set at 540 nm or 570 nm.

An incubator which can provide stable incubation conditions up to

37°C±0.5°C.

Squirt bottle, manifold dispenser, or automated microplate washer.

Absorbent paper for blotting the microtiter plate.

100ml and 500ml graduated cylinders.

Deionized or distilled water.

Pipettes and pipette tips.

Test tubes for dilution.

Sample Collection & Storage

Serum Use a serum separator tube (SST) and allow samples to

clot for two hours at room temperature or overnight at 4°C before

centrifugation for 15 minutes at 1000 xg. Remove serum and assay

immediately or aliquot and store samples at -20°C or -80°C. Avoid

repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

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Plasma Collect plasma using EDTA, or heparin as

anticoagulant. Centrifuge for 15 minutes at 1000 ×g at 2-8°C within 30

minutes of collection. Assay immediately or aliquot and store samples at -

20°C or -80°C. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles. Centrifuge the sample

again after thawing before the assay

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Notes:

1. Biomatik is only responsible for the kit itself, not for the samples

consumed during the assay. The user need to calculate the possible

amount of the samples to be used in the whole test. Please reserve

sufficient samples in advance.

2. Samples to be used within 5 days may be stored at 2-8°C, otherwise,

samples must be stored at -20°C (≤1month) or -80°C (≤2month) to avoid

contamination and loss of bioactivity.

3. Grossly hemolyzed samples are not suitable to use.

4. It would be necessary to run a preliminary experiment for validation, if

the samples are not indicated in the manual.

5. Please predict the concentration before assaying. If results were not

within the range of the standard curve, users would need to estimate the

optimal sample dilutions for their particular experiments.

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6. Tissue or cell extraction samples prepared by chemical lysis buffer

may cause unexpected ELISA results due to the impacts of certain

chemicals

7. Considering the possibility of mismatch between antigen from other

resources and antibody in our kits (e.g., antibody targets conformational

epitope rather than linear epitope), some native or recombinant proteins

from other manufacturers may not be recognized by our products.

8. Due to factors including cell viability, cell number and sampling time.

samples from cell culture supernatant may not be detected by the kit.

9. Recommend to use fresh samples for the test. If you store samples for

long time, protein degradation and denaturalization may occur in those

samples and finally lead to wrong results.

Reagents Preparation

Kindly use graduated containers to prepare the reagent.

Please don't prepare the reagent directly in the Diluent vials in the

kit.

Bring all reagents to room temperature (18-25°C) before use for 30

mins

Prepare fresh standard for each assay. Use it within 4 hours and

discard it after use.

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It is not allowed to make serial dilution in the wells directly.

Please carefully reconstitute Standards according to the instruction,

and avoid foaming and mix gently until the crystals have completely

dissolved. To minimize imprecision caused by pipetting, use small volumes

and ensure that pipettors are calibrated. It is recommended to suck more

than 10_{ul} for once pipetting.

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Distilled Water is recommended. Contaminated water or container for

reagents preparation will affect the test result.

Biotin-antibody (1x)- Centrifuge the vial before opening.

Biotin-antibody requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is

10 µl of Biotin-antibody+ 990 µl of Biotin-antibody Diluent.

HRP-avidin (1x)- Centrifuge the vial before opening.

HRP-avidin requires a 100-fold dilution. A suggested 100-fold dilution is 10

μl of HRP-avidin + 990 μl of HRP-avidin Diluent.

Wash Buffer (1x)- If crystals have formed in the concentrate, warm up to

room temperature and mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.

Dilute 20 ml of Wash Buffer Concentrate (25 x) into deionized or distilled

water to prepare 500 ml of Wash Buffer (1 x).



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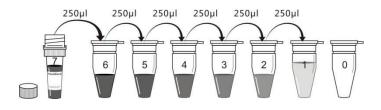
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Standard

Centrifuge the standard vial at 6000-10000 rpm for 30s.

Reconstitute the **Standard** with 1.0 ml of **Sample Diluent**. Do not substitute other diluents. This reconstitution produces a stock solution of 5000 pg/mL. Mix the standard to ensure complete reconstitution and allow the standard to stay for a minimum 15 mins with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions.

Pipette 250 ul Sample Diluent into each tube (S0-S6). Use the stock solution to produce a 2-fold dilution series (below). Mix each tube thoroughly before the next transfer. The undiluted Standard serves as the high standard (5000 pg/mL). **Sample Diluent** serves as the zero standard (0 pg/mL).



Tube	S7	S6	S5	S4	S3	S2	S1	S0
pg/ml	5000	2500	1250	625	312	156	78	0

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Key Notes

Do not mix or substitute reagents with those from other lots or

sources

If samples generate higher values than the highest standard, dilute

the samples with Sample Diluent and repeat the assay.

Any variation in Sample Diluent, operator, pipetting technique,

washing technique, incubation time or temperature, and kit age can

cause variation in binding.

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This assay is designed to eliminate interference by soluble

receptors, binding proteins, and other factors present in biological

samples. Until all factors have been tested in the Immunoassay, the

possibility of interference cannot be excluded.

Precautions

The Stop Solution provided with this kit is an acid solution. Wear eye, hand, face,

and clothing protection when using this material.

Assav Procedures

Bring all reagents and samples to room temperature before use.

Centrifuge the sample again after thawing before the assay. It is

recommended to assay all samples and standards in duplicate.



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1. Prepare all reagents, working standards, and samples as directed in

the previous sections.

2. Refer to the Assav Lavout Sheet to determine the number of wells to be

used and put any remaining wells and the desiccant back into the pouch and

seal the ziploc, store unused wells at 4°C.

3. Add 100ul of standard and sample per well. Cover with the adhesive strip

provided. Incubate for 2 hours at 37°C. A plate layout is provided to record

standards and samples assayed.

4. Remove the liquid of each well, don't wash.

5. Add 100µl of Biotin-antibody (1x) to each well. Cover with a new

adhesive strip. Incubate for 1 hour at 37°C. (Biotin-antibody (1x) may

appear cloudy. Warm up to room temperature and mix gently until solution

appears uniform.)

6. Aspirate each well and wash, repeating the process two times for a total of

three washes. Wash by filling each well with Wash Buffer (200ul) using a

squirt bottle, multi-channel pipette, manifold dispenser, or autowasher, and

let it stand for 2 mins, complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to

good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining wash Buffer

by aspirating or decanting. Invert the plate and blot it against clean paper

towels.

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7. Add 100µl of **HRP-avidin (1x)** to each well. Cover the microtiter plate with

a new adhesive strip. Incubate for 1 hour at 37°C.

8. Repeat the aspiration/wash process for five times as in step 6.

9. Add 90µl of TMB Substrate to each well. Incubate for 15-30 mins at 37°C.

Protect from light.

10. Add 50µl of **Stop Solution** to each well, gently tap the plate to ensure

thorough mixing.

11. Determine the optical density of each well within 5 mins, using a

microplate reader set to 450 nm. If wavelength correction is available, set to

540 nm or 570 nm. Subtract readings at 540 nm or 570 nm from the readings

at 450 nm. This subtraction will correct for optical imperfections in the plate.

Readings made directly at 450 nm without correction may be higher and less

accurate.

Notes:

The final experimental results will be closely related to validity of 1.

the products, operation skills of the end users and the experimental

environments.

Samples or reagents addition: Please use the freshly prepared 2.

Standard. Please carefully add samples to wells and mix gently to avoid

foaming. Do not touch the well wall as possible. For each step in the





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procedure, total dispensing time for addition of reagents or samples to the assay plate should not exceed 10 mins. This will ensure equal elapsed time for each pipetting step, without interruption. Duplication of all standards and specimens, although not required, is recommended. To avoid cross-contamination, change pipette tips between additions of each standard level, between sample additions, and between reagent additions. Also, use separate reservoirs for each reagent.

- 3. Incubation: To ensure accurate results, proper adhesion of plate sealers during incubation steps is necessary. Do not allow wells to sit uncovered for extended periods between incubation steps. Once reagents have been added to the well strips, DO NOT let the strips DRY at any time during the assay. Incubation time and temperature must be observed.
- 4. Washing: The wash procedure is critical. Complete removal of liquid at each step is essential to good performance. After the last wash, remove any remaining Wash Solution by aspirating or decanting and remove any drop of water and fingerprint on the bottom of the plate. Insufficient washing will result in poor precision and falsely elevated absorbance reading. When using an automated plate washer, adding a 30 second soak period following the addition of wash buffer, and/or rotating the plate 180 degrees between wash steps may improve assay

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precision.

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Controlling of reaction time: Observe the change of color after 5

adding TMB Substrate (e.g. observation once every 10 mins), TMB

Substrate should change from colorless or light blue to gradations of blue.

If the color is too deep, add Stop Solution in advance to avoid excessively

strong reaction which will result in inaccurate absorbance reading.

TMB Substrate is easily contaminated. TMB Substrate should 6

remain colorless or light blue until added to the plate. Please protect it

from light.

7. Stop Solution should be added to the plate in the same order as

the TMB Substrate. The color developed in the wells will turn from blue to

yellow upon addition of the Stop Solution. Wells that are green in color

indicate that the Stop Solution has not mixed thoroughly with the TMB

Substrate.

Calculation of Results

Using the professional soft "Curve Expert" to make a standard

curve is recommended, which can be downloaded from our web.

Average the duplicate readings for each standard and sample and

subtract the average zero standard optical density.

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Create a standard curve by reducing the data using computer software

capable of generating a four parameter logistic (4-PL) curve-fit. As an

alternative, construct a standard curve by plotting the mean absorbance

for each standard on the x-axis against the concentration on the y-axis

and draw a best fit curve through the points on the graph. The data may

be linearized by plotting the log of the PPAR-y concentrations versus the

log of the O.D. and the best fit line can be determined by regression

analysis. This procedure will produce an adequate but less precise fit of

the data.

If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard

curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

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